

World Religions, Cults, and Aberrant Beliefs

Lesson 14 – Arminianism

Valley Bible Church Adult Sunday School

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Introduction

In lesson 13, we looked at Oneness Pentecostalism and saw that, among other doctrinal errors, it is Arminian in soteriology (the doctrine of salvation). This week we will look at Arminianism and compare/contrast that with a Biblical view of soteriology.

History

Over the past four hundred years, the Calvinism/Arminianism debate has been one of the primary issues in denominational separation. Understanding the truths of Scripture related to these issues impacts our view of God, ourselves, and our relationship to Him.

The Protestant Reformation began in 1517 when Martin Luther (1483 - 1548) posted his famous Ninety-Five Theses to the door of the castle church in Wittenberg. The Reformed Church began with Ulrich Zwingli (1484 - 1531) who was influenced by Luther and his own study of the Bible. He introduced the reformation to Zurich, Switzerland in late 1518. Zwingli divided with Luther's theology over the issue of the Lord's Supper holding that the sacrament was a symbol or memorial of Christ's death.

Gradually the movement spread to France, where John Calvin (1509 - 1564) became its leader. John Calvin was a profound systematic theologian who integrated the beliefs of prior reformers. He strongly defended salvation by grace alone. He defended the Scripture as the basis for God's revelation and apart from what God has revealed we are strictly limited in our knowledge of Him. He was in awe that sinful humans had been reckoned to be righteous in Christ for God's glory.

In 1536 Calvin moved to Geneva, Switzerland and published his landmark *Institutes of the Christian Religion*. By the middle of the century, the Reformed Church began to overtake the Lutheran Church in significance and Geneva replaced Wittenberg as the main center of the Protestant world.

Jacobus Arminius (1559 - 1609) was a Dutch theologian who challenged Calvinist Reformed theology. After studying at the Geneva Academy, then headed by Calvin's successor, Theodore Beza, Arminius became a minister in Amsterdam in 1588. Arminius reconsidered the theology of his teachers and began teaching against Calvinism. After the death of Arminius, the followers of Arminius (later called Arminians) presented a statement (the Remonstrance of 1610) to the governing authorities of Holland in which they outlined Arminianism as set forth in five articles.

Those adhering to this statement of faith were known as "Remonstrants." By accepting these points they deviated from the Calvinist doctrinal standards. The Remonstrance provoked the Contra-Remonstrance, setting forth the orthodox Calvinist position. As the controversy flared, Calvinists sought a national synod to decide the issue. The Synod of Dort was held in Dordrecht from 13 Nov 1618 to 9 May 1619. As expected, the synod concluded Arminianism was not orthodox. Canons were written to summarize the orthodox position. The articles of Dort have come to be known as the "five points of Calvinism."

Remonstrant ministers were ousted from their pulpits at the conclusion of the synod. The doctrine was still held to by some but it never had the influence in Europe that it was to have in England and America.

The most famous Arminian was John Wesley (1703 - 1791), founder of the Methodists. His work had a great impact on England and the United States. Today many denominations are sympathetic to Arminianism. In addition to the Methodists, most Pentecostal churches, such as the Assemblies of God are Arminian. Also, denominations coming from the Christian Holiness Association are Arminian -- the Wesleyan Church, the Salvation Army, the Church of the Nazarene, etc. Furthermore, many of today's Baptist churches are Arminian. Originally, many Baptists were strongly Calvinist, but over time there has been a shift from Calvinism to Arminianism. Generally, the more conservative a Baptist church is, the more likely it is to be Calvinist in the doctrine of salvation.

Arminianism

Arminianism was put forward in five points:

1. Free Will or Human Ability: Man inherited weakness from Adam and although is far removed from perfect righteousness is still free to do spiritual good.
2. Conditional Election: God looked forward and saw those that would choose Him then elected those that He saw would want to be saved of their own free will.
3. Universal Redemption or General Atonement: The atonement of Christ is intended for everyone and is applied by the power of the Holy Spirit in response to the will of the sinner.
4. Resistible Grace: The Holy Spirit can be effectually resisted and His purposes frustrated and cannot impart life unless the sinner is willing to have this life imparted.
5. Falling From Grace: Perseverance is dependent on obedience. A saved man can fall from salvation – if man takes the initiative in salvation, he retains responsibility for the final outcome.

In essence, Arminians maintained that God gives indispensable help in salvation, but that ultimately it is the free will of man which decides the issue. According to Arminianism, salvation is accomplished through the combined efforts of God (who takes the initiative) and man (who must respond); man's response being the determining factor. God has provided salvation for everyone, but His provision becomes effective only for those who, of their own free will, choose to cooperate with Him and accept His offer of grace. At the crucial point, man's will plays a decisive role; thus man, not God, determines who will be recipients of the gift of salvation.

I spent several years as a determined five-pointer as a young man before changing my mind to accept Arminianism. I made the switch purposefully and with quite a bit of painful study as a student at Princeton Seminary. But many Calvinists today are making the switch for purely pragmatic reasons. They have not become convinced the Bible really teaches the Arminian approach. Frankly, Arminianism is simply more palatable to a secular culture. It "fits in" to the mind-set of the people in their pews. Like it or not, the secular mind is naturally Arminian in its outlook. I've discovered this repeatedly myself by administering a theological questionnaire to secular students in an adult education program. These "unchurched Harrys" invariably register Arminian theologically.

Face it, Arminianism is simply more logical. It makes sense to the person on the street. And today's church is scrambling to make sense to unbelievers. We want to sound sensible, logical, rational, enlightened, fair. Arminianism is so much more appealing to worldly people.

Thus, many Calvinist churches customize worship services, communication styles, architecture, and music, to fit the worldly customers. But they also adapt their theology by quietly creeping away from the "right end" of the theological continuum and drifting over toward Arminianism. The truth of the matter is, they are embarrassed by Calvinistic theology. They have found it offensive to the "customers." The Arminian approach to theology is simply a more "seeker sensitive." Keith Drury CRI/Voice, Institute at crivoice.org/arminianism.html

Calvinism

The contrast to Arminianism is the articles of Dort or Calvinism.

1. Total Depravity: After the fall, man cannot choose to serve God.
2. Unconditional Election: God's choice of the elect is not conditioned upon any action by them.
3. Limited Atonement: Christ died for the elect only, since those He died for are saved.
4. Irresistible Grace: Divine grace cannot be rejected by the elect.
5. Perseverance of the Saints: Once a man is elect, he is always elect and will persevere to the end.

Total Depravity (Total Inability / Total Corruption)

The Scriptures clearly speak of the condition of man as being in a fallen – sinful state. Each person has inherited the sin nature from Adam (Rom 5:12). The sin nature is the corruption of our whole nature and is that which inclines us to sin. The result of the sin nature is “Total Depravity” – where the corruption of sin extends to every aspect of our being (Rom 1:18–3:20) including intellect (2 Cor 4:4), conscience (1 Tim 4:2), will (Rom 1:28), and heart (Eph 4:18). The idea of Total Depravity is not that man displays as much evil as he possibly could, nor that he cannot do any good, or even feign a love for God, but that his entire nature is affected by sin. As such he is totally incapable of moving on his own toward God.

All are sinful:

¹²Therefore, **just as through one man sin entered into the world**, and death through sin, and so death spread to all men, **because all sinned**-- Rom 5:12

⁵Behold, **I was brought forth in iniquity, And in sin my mother conceived me.** Psa 51:5

¹⁰as it is written, "THERE IS NONE RIGHTEOUS, NOT EVEN ONE; ¹¹THERE IS NONE WHO UNDERSTANDS, THERE IS NONE WHO SEEKS FOR GOD; ¹²ALL HAVE TURNED ASIDE, TOGETHER THEY HAVE BECOME USELESS; THERE IS NONE WHO DOES GOOD, THERE IS NOT EVEN ONE." ¹³"THEIR THROAT IS AN OPEN GRAVE, WITH THEIR TONGUES THEY KEEP DECEIVING," "THE POISON OF ASPS IS UNDER THEIR LIPS"; ¹⁴"WHOSE MOUTH IS FULL OF CURSING AND BITTERNESS"; ¹⁵"THEIR FEET ARE SWIFT TO SHED BLOOD, ¹⁶DESTRUCTION AND MISERY ARE IN THEIR PATHS, ¹⁷AND THE PATH OF PEACE THEY HAVE NOT KNOWN." ¹⁸"THERE IS NO FEAR OF GOD BEFORE THEIR EYES." Rom 3:10-18

²³**for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God,** Rom 3:23

²⁰Indeed, **there is not a righteous man on earth who continually does good and who never sins.** Ecc 7:20

The unregenerate man's heart is wicked:

⁵Then **the LORD saw that the wickedness of man was great on the earth, and that every intent of the thoughts of his heart was only evil continually.** Gen 6:5

⁹"**The heart is more deceitful than all else And is desperately sick; Who can understand it?** Jer 17:9

³This is an evil in all that is done under the sun, that there is one fate for all men. **Furthermore, the hearts of the sons of men are full of evil and insanity is in their hearts throughout their lives.** Afterwards they go to the dead. Ecc 9:3

²⁰And He was saying, "That which proceeds out of the man, that is what defiles the man. ²¹"For from within, out of the heart of men, proceed the evil thoughts, fornications, thefts, murders, adulteries, ²²deeds of coveting and wickedness, as well as deceit, sensuality, envy, slander, pride and foolishness. ²³"All these evil things proceed from within and defile the man." Mar 7:20-23

The unregenerate man is dead in his sins:

¹And **you were dead in your trespasses and sins,** ²in which you formerly walked according to the course of this world, according to the prince of the power of the air, of the spirit that is now working in the sons of disobedience. ³Among them we too all formerly lived in the lusts of our flesh, indulging the desires of the flesh and of the mind, and were by nature children of wrath, even as the rest. Eph 2:1-3

The unregenerate man is blinded and held captive by Satan:

⁴in whose case **the god of this world has blinded the minds of the unbelieving so that they might not see the light of the gospel of the glory of Christ**, who is the image of God. 2 Cor 4:4

²⁵with gentleness correcting those who are in opposition, if perhaps God may grant them repentance leading to the knowledge of the truth, ²⁶and **they may come to their senses and escape from the snare of the devil, having been held captive by him to do his will.** 2 Tim 2:25-26

The unregenerate man loves the darkness and hates the Light:

¹⁹"This is the judgment, that the Light has come into the world, and men loved the darkness rather than the Light, for their deeds were evil. ²⁰**For everyone who does evil hates the Light, and does not come to the Light for fear that his deeds will be exposed.** John 3:19-20

The unregenerate man will not come to Christ of his own volition:

⁴⁴**No one can come to Me unless the Father who sent Me draws him;** and I will raise him up on the last day. John 6:44

⁶⁵And He was saying, "For this reason I have said to you, that **no one can come to Me unless it has been granted him from the Father.**" John 6:65

The unregenerate man is a slave to sin:

³³Jesus answered them, "Truly, truly, I say to you, **everyone who commits sin is the slave of sin.** John 8:33

Free Will

One may ask, "Does God have free will?" The answer is an unequivocal "yes". But in reality, it is a qualified "yes". God is free to do whatever He chooses according to the counsel of His own will. But He can only choose to do that which is consistent with His nature.

¹Paul, a bond-servant of God and an apostle of Jesus Christ, for the faith of those chosen of God and the knowledge of the truth which is according to godliness, ²in the hope of eternal life, **which God, who cannot lie**, promised long ages ago, ³but at the proper time manifested, *even* His word, in the proclamation with which I was entrusted according to the commandment of God our Savior, Titus 1:1-3

In a similar way then to God being "free" within the bounds of His nature, people have free will within the bounds of their nature. But our nature is a totally depraved nature that is a slave to sin.

Unconditional Election

The second point of Calvinism flows as a logical conclusion (as well as being clearly taught in Scripture) of the doctrine of Total Depravity. Unconditional Election is God's unconditioned choice before the foundation of the world of those individuals whom He would save (Matt 22:1-14; Rom 3:10-13; 8:27-30; 9:6-24; 1 Cor 1:18-19; Eph 1:3-11; 2:8-9; 2; Acts 13:48; 1 Thess 1:4; 2 Thess 2:13; 2 Tim 2:10; 1 Pet 1:1-2; 2 Pet 1:10; 2:13;). Since man is dead, blind, held captive, etc., the remedy must come from outside himself. The dead cannot cause themselves to be alive. The Scriptures declare that we have been "made alive" (Eph 2:4-6) and "born again" (1 Pet 1:3) by God (from outside ourselves):

⁴But God, being rich in mercy, because of His great love with which He loved us, ⁵even when we were dead in our transgressions, **made us alive** together with Christ (by grace you have been saved), ⁶and raised us up with Him, and seated us with Him in the heavenly places in Christ Jesus, Eph 2:4-6

³Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who according to His great mercy has **caused us to be born again** to a living hope through the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead, 1 Pet 1:3

On the other hand, for those that are not "made alive", we conclude that it is because God has not caused that to be. If man is unable to save himself because he is totally depraved, and if God alone can save, and if all are not saved, then the conclusion must be that God has not chosen to save all. All whom the Father appoints to eternal life (Acts 13:48) He will call to Himself (Rom 8:30) by sovereignly causing the gospel to be told to them (Acts 10; Rom 10:8-17).

God is sovereign and will do as He wills:

⁹"Remember the former things long past, For I am God, and there is no other; I am God, and there is no one like Me, ¹⁰Declaring the end from the beginning, And from ancient times things which have not been done, Saying, 'My purpose will be established, And I will accomplish all My good pleasure'; ¹¹Calling a bird of prey from the east, The man of My purpose from a far country. Truly I have spoken; truly I will bring it to pass. I have planned it, surely I will do it. Isa 46:9-10

³⁵"All the inhabitants of the earth are accounted as nothing, But He does according to His will in the host of heaven And among the inhabitants of earth; And no one can ward off His hand Or say to Him, 'What have You done?' Dan 4:35

God's sovereignty extends to the salvation of individuals:

¹⁵For He says to Moses, "I WILL HAVE MERCY ON WHOM I HAVE MERCY, AND I WILL HAVE COMPASSION ON WHOM I HAVE COMPASSION." ¹⁶So then it does not depend on the man who wills or the man who runs, but on God who has mercy. ¹⁷For the Scripture says to Pharaoh, "FOR THIS VERY PURPOSE I RAISED YOU UP, TO DEMONSTRATE MY POWER IN YOU, AND THAT MY NAME MIGHT BE PROCLAIMED THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE EARTH."

¹⁸So then He has mercy on whom He desires, and He hardens whom He desires. ¹⁹You will say to me then, "Why does He still find fault? For who resists His will?" ²⁰On the contrary, who are you, O man, who answers back to God? The thing molded will not say to the molder, "Why did you make me like this," will it? ²¹Or does not the potter have a right over the clay, to make from the same lump one vessel for honorable use and another for common use? ²²What if God, although willing to demonstrate His wrath and to make His power known, endured with much patience vessels of wrath prepared for destruction? ²³And He did so to make known the riches of His glory upon vessels of mercy, which He prepared beforehand for glory, Rom 9:15-23

³Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has blessed us with every spiritual blessing in the heavenly places in Christ, ⁴just as **He chose us in Him before the foundation of the world, that we would be holy and blameless before Him. In love** ⁵**He predestined us to adoption as sons through Jesus Christ to Himself, according to the kind intention of His will,** ⁶to the praise of the glory of His grace, which He freely bestowed on us in the Beloved. Eph 1:3-6

⁹who **has saved us and called us with a holy calling,** not according to our works, but according to His own purpose and grace which was granted us in Christ Jesus from all eternity, 2 Tim 1:9

⁴knowing, **brethren beloved by God, His choice of you;** ⁵for our gospel did not come to you in word only, but also in power and in the Holy Spirit and with full conviction; just as you know what kind of men we proved to be among you for your sake. 1 Thess 1:4-5

¹³But we should always give thanks to God for you, brethren beloved by the Lord, **because God has chosen you from the beginning for salvation through sanctification by the Spirit and faith in the truth.** ¹⁴It was for this **He called you through our gospel,** that you may gain the glory of our Lord Jesus Christ. 2 Thess 2:13-14

⁴⁸When the Gentiles heard this, they began rejoicing and glorifying the word of the Lord; and **as many as had been appointed to eternal life believed.** Acts 13:48

Limited Atonement (Definite Atonement / Particular Redemption)

“Limited Atonement” or “Particular Redemption” deals with the issue of whose punishment did Christ bear. From a historic Calvinistic perspective there are three choices.

1. Christ died to *save all men* without distinction.
2. Christ died to *save no one in particular*.
3. Christ died to *save a particular number*.

Historic Calvinism teaches limited atonement – Christ died only for the elect. The thought process can be found in John 10:

1. Jesus lays down his life for the sheep. (John 10:14-15)

¹⁴“I am the good shepherd, and I know My own and My own know Me, ¹⁵even as the Father knows Me and I know the Father; and I lay down My life for the sheep. John 10:14-15

2. Jesus will lose none of his sheep. (John 10:28)

²⁷“My sheep hear My voice, and I know them, and they follow Me; ²⁸and I give eternal life to them, and they will never perish; and no one will snatch them out of My hand. John 10:27-28

3. Many people will not receive eternal life (for example Matt 7:13-14). Therefore, Jesus did not die for everyone but only for those who will ultimately be saved.

Many Scriptures indicate that Christ died for a particular people.

²¹“She will bear a Son; and you shall call His name Jesus, for **He will save His people from their sins.**” Matt 1:21

³Grace to you and peace from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ, ⁴who **gave Himself for our sins so that He might rescue us from this present evil age**, according to the will of our God and Father, Gal 1:3-4

²and walk in love, **just as Christ also loved you and gave Himself up for us**, an offering and a sacrifice to God as a fragrant aroma. Eph 5:2

⁹“I ask on their behalf; I do not ask on behalf of the world, **but of those whom You have given Me; for they are Yours;**” John 17:9

²⁸“Be on guard for yourselves and for all the flock, among which the Holy Spirit has made you overseers, **to shepherd the church of God which He purchased with His own blood.**” Acts 20:28

²⁵Husbands, love your wives, **just as Christ also loved the church and gave Himself up for her,** Eph 5:25

“That is what theologians have called “particular redemption.” They claim Christ did not die for the whole world--He died only for those who are or who will be redeemed. They fear that if Christ died for the whole world, but the whole world doesn't believe, then Christ died in futility. So to save Christ from a futile act, they particularize redemption.” Unity in Action - Building Up One Another Without Offending--Part 2 by John MacArthur Tape GC 45-111

Other Scriptures seem to say that Jesus died for the sins of the world:

²⁹The next day he saw Jesus coming to him and said, "Behold, **the Lamb of God who takes away the sin of the world!** John 1:29

¹⁶For **God so loved the world**, that He gave His only begotten Son, that whoever believes in Him shall not perish, but have eternal life. ¹⁷For God did not send the Son into the world to judge the world, but that the world might be saved through Him. John 3:16-17

¹⁵"I am the living bread that came down out of heaven; **if anyone eats of this bread**, he will live forever; and the bread also which I will give for the life of the world is My flesh." John 6:51

¹⁰For it is for this we labor and strive, because we have fixed our hope on the living God, **who is the Savior of all men, especially of believers.** 1 Tim 4:10

²and **He Himself is the propitiation for our sins; and not for ours only, but also for those of the whole world.** 1 John 2:2

¹⁴We have seen and testify that the Father has sent **the Son to be the Savior of the world.** 1 John 4:14

⁵For there is one God, and **one mediator also between God and men**, the man Christ Jesus, ⁶who **gave Himself as a ransom for all**, the testimony given at the proper time. 1 Tim 2:5-6

⁹But we do see Him who was made for a little while lower than the angels, namely, Jesus, because of the suffering of death crowned with glory and honor, **so that by the grace of God He might taste death for everyone.** Heb 2:9

"He provides a universal redemption that is particularized only by those who put their faith in Him."
Unity in Action - Building Up One Another Without Offending--Part 2 by John MacArthur

"Limited atonement is a theology that teaches Jesus only died for those who are elect or the saved. He effectually only died for those but His blood, His death, covered the sins potentially of all mankind."
Dale Whitehead – VBC – Sermon Transcript "The Conduct of False Teachers 2 Peter 2:1-3"

It is clear that Christ's sacrifice is not applied to everyone. At the same time, the Scriptures indicate that He died for everyone (potentially). Perhaps a way to look at it is: Jesus' sacrifice was "big" enough to cover the sins of the whole world, but it is only applied to those that have been chosen to salvation.

Point 4 – Irresistible Grace (Efficacious Grace)

The doctrine of "Irresistible Grace" means that the call of God in the heart of His elect cannot be frustrated or rejected. It is clear that people resist the gospel message. This is not resisting God's call, but simple doing what their nature demands. Some influence greater than our totally depraved natures must be brought to bear upon our souls in order to respond to the gospel. Once that "Efficacious Grace" is brought to bear it will not be resisted.

³⁰and **these whom He predestined, He also called; and these whom He called, He also justified; and these whom He justified, He also glorified.** Rom 8:30

³⁷All that the Father **gives** Me will come to Me, and the one who comes to Me I will certainly not cast out. John 6:37

⁴⁴**No one can come to Me unless the Father who sent Me draws him;** and I will raise him up on the last day. John 6:44

Draw means to draw, drag off; metaphorically to draw by inward power, lead, impel

⁴⁵"It is written in the prophets, 'AND THEY SHALL ALL BE TAUGHT OF GOD.' **Everyone who has heard and learned from the Father, comes to Me.** John 6:45

¹⁴A woman named Lydia, from the city of Thyatira, a seller of purple fabrics, a worshiper of God, was listening; and **the Lord opened her heart to respond** to the things spoken by Paul. Acts 16:14

Point 5 – Perseverance of the Saints (Eternal Security)

The doctrine of the “Perseverance of the Saints” is sometimes called “Eternal Security” or “Once saved, always saved”. A true believer cannot lose their salvation for the Scriptures declare that nothing can separate the believer from Christ (Rom 8:28-39). All true believers once saved are kept by God’s power and are always saved (John 5:24; 6:37-40; 10:27-30; Rom 5:9-10; 8:1, 31-39; 1 Cor 1:4-8; Eph 4:30; Heb 7:25; 13:5; 1 Pet 1:5; Jude 24).

²⁴“Truly, truly, I say to you, **he who hears My word, and believes Him who sent Me, has eternal life**, and does not come into judgment, but has passed out of death into life. John 5:24

³⁷“All that the Father gives Me will come to Me, and the one who comes to Me I will certainly not cast out. ³⁸“For I have come down from heaven, not to do My own will, but the will of Him who sent Me. ³⁹“This is the will of Him who sent Me, **that of all that He has given Me I lose nothing, but raise it up on the last day.** ⁴⁰“For this is the will of My Father, **that everyone who beholds the Son and believes in Him will have eternal life**, and I Myself will raise him up on the last day.” John 6:37-40

²⁸and **I give eternal life to them, and they will never perish; and no one will snatch them out of My hand.** ²⁹“My Father, who has given them to Me, is greater than all; and **no one is able to snatch them out of the Father's hand.** John 10:28-29

⁹Much more then, having now been justified by His blood, we shall be saved from the wrath of God through Him. ¹⁰For if while we were enemies we were reconciled to God through the death of His Son, much more, having been reconciled, we shall be saved by His life. Rom 5:9-10

¹**Therefore there is now no condemnation for those who are in Christ Jesus.** Rom 8:1

³³Who will bring a charge against God's elect? God is the one who justifies; ³⁴who is the one who condemns? Christ Jesus is He who died, yes, rather who was raised, who is at the right hand of God, who also intercedes for us. ³⁵Who will separate us from the love of Christ? Will tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword? ³⁶Just as it is written, “FOR YOUR SAKE WE ARE BEING PUT TO DEATH ALL DAY LONG; WE WERE CONSIDERED AS SHEEP TO BE SLAUGHTERED.” ³⁷But in all these things we overwhelmingly conquer through Him who loved us. ³⁸**For I am convinced that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor things present, nor things to come, nor powers, ³⁹nor height, nor depth, nor any other created thing, will be able to separate us from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord.** Rom 8:33-39

⁵who are **protected by the power of God through faith for a salvation ready to be revealed in the last time.** 1 Pet 1:5

However, this doctrine also includes the teaching that the true believer is changed and will therefore bring about fruits in their life in keeping with repentance.

⁶For I am confident of this very thing, that **He who began a good work in you will perfect it until the day of Christ Jesus.** Phil 1:6

¹⁷Therefore **if anyone is in Christ, he is a new creature**; the old things passed away; behold, new things have come. 2 Cor 5:17

²⁰“I have been crucified with Christ; and it is no longer I who live, but Christ lives in me; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by faith in the Son of God, who loved me and gave Himself up for me. Gal 2:20

The saved sinner loves Jesus.

⁸and though you have not seen Him, you love Him, and though you do not see Him now, but believe in Him, you greatly rejoice with joy inexpressible and full of glory, ⁹obtaining as the outcome of your faith the salvation of your souls. 1 Pet 1:8-9

The true believer will seek to keep Jesus' commands.

¹⁵"If you love Me, you will keep My commandments. John 14:15

If someone "abandons" the faith, it show that true salvation never really took place

¹⁹They went out from us, but they were not *really* of us; for if they had been of us, they would have remained with us; but *they went out*, so that it would be shown that they all are not of us. 1 John 2:19

Conclusion

Every part of man's being is corrupted by sin – he is "Totally Depraved". Because of this corruption by sin, he is completely unable to save himself. Since man cannot save himself, then God must save him. Since all men are not saved, then it is God who has chosen some and not chosen others – He has "Unconditionally Elected" those whom He would save. Those that God has chosen from eternity past, God will call to Himself. Jesus' sacrifice was "big" enough to cover the sins of the whole world, but it is only applied to those that have been chosen to salvation. This efficacious call is "irresistible" – it cannot be frustrated – God's purpose will stand. Since it is God that has elected and called, all those that are true believers will persevere to the end while showing evidence of being made alive by God.