# Valley Bible Church – Sermon Notes

### Sermon Notes for March 27-28, 2004

#### "Our Conduct in the World"

#### 1 Timothy 2:1-7

### 1. Praying for our earthly authority (2:1-2)

"First of all" is not first in <u>sequence</u>, but first in <u>importance</u>.

a. What to pray for

"Entreaties" was a word that was regularly used for having an audience before a <u>king</u> when presenting a petition regarding a need.

- b. Who to pray for
- 1) All men
- 2) Kings
- 3) All who are in authority
- c. Why to pray for
- 1) A tranquil and quiet life

"Tranquil" refers to the removal of external difficulties that come to us from others.

- "Quiet" refers to the lack of internal strife in our own lives.
- 2) A godly and dignified life
- "Godliness" refers to our attitude as seen by God.
- "Dignity" refers to our conduct as seen by others.

## 2. Pleasing for our heavenly authority (2:3-4)

- a. God is pleased with our <u>supplication</u>
- b. God is pleased with our serenity
- c. God is pleased with our salvation

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God <u>desires</u> all men to be saved, but all men are <u>not</u> saved. This is not because God is <u>not able</u>. God desires <u>something else</u> beyond all men being saved. This is not man's <u>freedom</u> to choose God, for man is <u>unable</u> (Romans 3:10-18). Above all, God desires His <u>glory</u> (Romans 9:22-23).

## 3. The plan of the Authority (2:5-6)

- a. Who Christ is
- 1) He is a mediator
- 2) He is a man
- b. What Christ did

Christ gave Himself as a payment for sin for all

This shows us that Christ's atonement is <u>unlimited</u>, meaning it is for <u>all</u> people (cf. John 1:29; 3:16; Acts 17:30; 1 Timothy 4:10; Hebrews 2:9; 2 Peter 2:1; 1 John 2:2).

c. When Christ did it: At the proper time (Galatians 4:4)

### 4. Proclaiming with authority (2:7)

"As the Father has <u>sent</u> Me, I also <u>send</u> you." (John 20:21).

We are sent in faith, with truth.